5 Times Tables

0 x 5 = 0

1 x 5 = 5   2 x 5 = 10

3 x 5 = 15   4 x 5 = 20

5 x 5 = 25   6 x 5 = 30

7 x 5 = 35   8 x 5 = 40

9 x 5 = 45   10 x 5 = 50

11 x 5 = 55   12 x 5 = 60

Top tips

1. All multiples of 5 end in a 5 or a 0.
2. If you multiply an odd number by 5, the ones digit will be a 5.
3. If you multiply an even number by 5, the ones digit will be a 0.
4. 5 is half of 10, so you could multiply a number by ten and halve it.